Parallel and Perpendicular lines part1

- 1. State if the following lines are:
 - (i) Parallel
 - (ii) Perpendicular to each other or
 - (iii) Neither parallel nor perpendicular to each other

(a)
$$y = 8x - 5$$
 and $y - 8x = 7$

(b)
$$3y + 12x = 15$$
 and $y - \frac{1}{4}x = 4$

Provide evidence of your answer in each case.

- 2. State if the following lines are:
 - (i) Parallel
 - (ii) Perpendicular to each other or
 - (iii) Neither parallel nor perpendicular to each other.

$$4y = 8x - 16$$

$$2y = -x + 5$$

Provide evidence of your answer in each case.

- 3. Draw the graph of the linear equations y = -2x + 1 and y = -2x 3 on the same graph paper with the same scale and axes. Prove that the two straight lines are either parallel or perpendicular.
- 4. Given the linear equations

$$5v = 4x - 10$$

$$4y = 12 - 5x$$

$$5y - 4x = -15$$

Write down the three equations in the form y = mx + c

Hence state:

- (i) Which pair/s of straight lines are parallel
- (ii) Which pair/s of straight lines are perpendicular Provide evidence of your answer in each case.
- 5. State which of the following pairs of lines are:
 - (i) Parallel
 - (ii) Perpendicular to each other or
 - (iii) Neither parallel nor perpendicular to each other

a)
$$10y = 5x + 4$$
 and $5y + 10x = 8$

b)
$$4y = 6x - 9$$
 and $8y + 11 = 12x$

c)
$$7y + 4 = 5x$$
 and $7y = 9x - 3$